TENANTS' AND LEASEHOLDERS' PANEL 5th February 2014

Lead Officer(s): Directors of Housing Management and Resources

Wards: All

Agenda Item:- 6

Subject: HOUSING REVENUE ACCOUNT: RENT, SERVICE CHARGE,

GARAGE RENT - 2013/14 AND BUDGET SETTING - 2014/15

1. DRAFT RECOMMENDATIONS

The Panel are asked to comment on:

- 1.1 Rent increases for all Council tenants for 2013/14, in line with the National formula for social housing rents. The average rent increase will be 4.9%;
- 1.2 That the full cost of services provided to those tenants who receive caretaking, grounds maintenance and bulk refuse collection services are recovered via tenants service charges, this being achieved with a 3.7% increase:
- 1.3 Charges for garage and parking space rents increase by 4.9%;
- 1.4 Heating charges for Council tenants remain unchanged, see detailed in **Appendix 2**;
- 1.5 The proposal that for the first two weeks of April 2014, all tenants' rent will be met by the Council unless their liability for rent is otherwise being met;
- 1.6 The proposed budget for the Housing Revenue and Capital Accounts for 2014/15.

2. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

- 2.1 This report provides information on the proposed rent increase for Council housing tenants for the financial year 2014/15 and other charges for tenants for 2014/15.
- 2.2 The report also provides information on the Housing Revenue Account (HRA) budget for the financial year 2014/15 (**Appendix 1**), a breakdown of the draft Housing Investment Programme (**Appendix 3**), and graphs showing a breakdown of income and expenditure (**Appendix 4**).

3. HOUSING REVENUE ACCOUNT

- 3.1 The HRA is the main business account for the housing service. It continues to be a ring-fenced account, funded primarily from tenants' rents. The services provided to tenants, for example: responsive repairs, management services and caretaking, are paid for from this account.
- 3.2 Long term financial planning is based on the HRA 30 year business plan which is updated annually to reflect actual expenditure, changes in stock numbers and financial projections.

HRA Self-Financing

- 3.3 The Localism Act received Royal Assent in November 2011 and included the replacement of the national HRA subsidy system with a system of self financing from 1 April 2012.
- 3.4 As a consequence Croydon's Housing Revenue Account (HRA) took on an additional debt of £223.126m which will need to repaid over 30 years by the HRA.
- 3.5 The 'valuation' was based on 30 year subsidy calculations for Croydon, discounted to a current value. The Council borrowed money to make a one off payment to Government. This loan is financed and repaid from the HRA.
- 3.6 The following assumptions have been included within the latest HRA business plan:
 - The Government has recently consulted local authorities on its proposal for changes to social rent policy. They are intending that 2014/15 will be that final year where rents will continue to rise in line with the National Social Rents policy (Government's Rent Restructuring guidelines). This will mean that that convergence with formula rents (i.e. the same rents as would be paid by Housing Association tenants for a similar property) will not be achieved in 2015/16.
 - From 2015/16 onwards, rents will continue to rise at CPI plus 1%.
 - Continued investment in new council homes of £6m per annum from 2014/15 to 2018/19.
 - All homes to be maintained to the decent home standard over time.

4. HRA Budget – 2014/15

- 4.1 The attached Appendix 1 provides a draft budget for the HRA for 2014/15 based on the proposed rent and service charge increases.
- 4.2 The main changes proposed to the HRA for 2014/15 are identified below. The budget will ensure that existing services are maintained and allow for an increased level of investment in the repair and improvement of homes.

4.3 Increases in Rent

As in previous years the rent increase for Council Tenants has been set in accordance with the National Social Rents policy. The Self-Financing settlement assumed that the Rent Restructuring guidelines are followed.

Although the Government has indicated that rent restructuring will end in 2014/15, the rent increase for 2014/15 will be based on the current rent restricting guidance. Both rent and service charges are covered by housing benefit, although a small number of tenants (large families) will have been affected by the introduction of the benefit cap which limits total weekly benefit payments to £500.

The proposed rent increase for 2014/15 has therefore been applied according to Rent Restructuring Guidelines. Rent and service charge increases are limited to retail price index (RPI) at September 2013 + 0.5% + £2. The September 2011 RPI was 3.2%.

The proposal is that the Council increases rents by 4.9% from April 2014 will ensure that the long term sustainability of the HRA remains, together with the ability to repay the Self-Financing loan. However, it is also recognised that existing tenants should have the opportunity to benefit from the efficiencies achieved to date. The Council is committed to helping those who are not fully supported by Housing Benefit to maintain their accommodation, minimise debt and avoid short term pressures. In order to do this it is also proposed that for the first two weeks of April 2014, all tenants' rent will be met by the Council unless their liability for rent is otherwise being met.

4.4 Service Charges

The unpooled service charge for caretaking, grounds maintenance and bulk refuse collection will increase in line with the rent restructuring guidelines (excluding the additional £2). It is proposed that the charges for 2014/15 will therefore be:

- Caretaking £9.77pw (an increase of £0.63)
- Grounds maintenance and refuse collection £2.01pw (an increase of £0.06)

4.5 **Heating Charges**

Only a small number of tenants use communal heating systems and are charged a fixed weekly amount for the gas they use. Apart from the Handcroft Road Estate all other schemes are retirement housing schemes for older people. The way in which Croydon purchases energy changed in 2009 by entering a bulk purchasing consortium and as a result it is proposed that heating charges will not be changed from 2013/14. See Appendix 2 for details on weekly heating charges.

4.6 Garages and Parking Spaces

It is proposed that the rents for garages and parking spaces in 2014/15 will increase in line with dwellings rents by 4.9%.

5 Draft housing investment programme

5.1 The table below sets out the summary of proposed expenditure in 2014/15 compared with 2013/14. In total, the resources for all purposes – responsive repairs, major repairs and improvements, and measures to increase housing supply, have increased by £1.168m to £48.980m. The increase in repairs and improvements is due to the savings achieved following the reprocurement of the responsive and cyclical repairs service. The new contract commences in April 2014.

Table 1

Housing Supply	2012/13 £000	2013/14 £000
Assisted Private Purchase Scheme (APPS)	500	500
Special Transfer Payments	250	250
Larger Homes	100	200
New Build Council Housing	6,000	6,000
Sub-Total	6,850	6,950
Repair and Improvements	27,771	29,771
Total capital expenditure	34,621	36,721
Responsive and Cyclical Repairs Budgets	13,191	12,259
Grand Total	47,812	48,980

6 Draft Planned Maintenance and Improvement Programme

- 6.1 It is proposed that the annual planned maintenance and improvement budget, which is used for maintaining homes at the decent home standard and for other major works to our stock such as external decorations, will be £29.771m, an increase of £15.551m since 2011/12. The Government's decent homes target that 100% of social homes should meet the standard by 31 March 2011 was met on time for the council's stock. We will continue to invest in our properties to ensure they are maintained at this standard over time. A breakdown of the repairs and improvements and cyclical budgets is shown in Appendix 3.
- The proposed resources for responsive and cyclical repairs will be £12.259m. This is a reduction on the total for 2013/14 and is as a direct result of the savings achieved in the reprocurement of the repairs contract which is due to commence in April 2014. The proposed level of funding will continue to meet the ongoing repairs requirements.

7 Housing Supply

7.1 The Housing Revenue Account has traditionally been used to fund a number of supply initiatives to increase the council's housing stock or make better use of the existing stock. These supply measures will enable the council to address local housing need and help tenants who need to move because of overcrowding or other reasons.

7.2 The Assisted Private Purchase Scheme budget will remain at the current £0.5m. This scheme assists qualifying council tenants to purchase a home in the private sector. The special transfer payments scheme, which provides financial help to under-occupying tenants who move to smaller homes, will remain at £0.25m.

8. FINANCIAL AND RISK ASSESSMENT CONSIDERATIONS

8.1 Revenue consequences of report recommendations

		Medium Term Financial Strategy		
	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000
HRA Budget				
Current Budget	85,640	88,412		
Effect of Decision	85,640	88,412	Not known	Not known
	0	0		

- 8.2 The financial considerations are contained in the main body of the report and a high-level summary of the Housing Revenue Account for 2014/15 is provided at Appendix 1.
- 8.3 Although the council borrowed an additional £223.126m, the loan is at a fixed low rate of interest, meaning the HRA will not be susceptible to changes in interest rates. The main risk area in the Housing Revenue Account is the programmed works budgets. A well-established monthly monitoring process is in place to assist in the management of expenditure in this areas. There is also a risk that there will be an increase in the level of arrears as a result of the rent increase, combined with the changes in the housing benefit under the government's welfare reforms. Mitigation of this impact is dealt with in section 12.2 below.
- 8.4 The development of financial plans for the Housing Revenue Account has involved the consideration of a range of options for investment in Council homes including further investment in existing stock as well as the building of new homes.
- 8.5 The Housing Revenue Account 30 Year Business Plan Model has been updated to reflect the self-financing settlement and the proposed changes in Government rent policy and will be reviewed and updated every 12 months. The HRA is now directly included in the Council's overall financial strategy to ensure alignment of financial governance with other council services.

(Approved by Paul Heynes, Head of Finance - Head of Finance, DASHH on behalf of the Director of Finance)

9. COMMENTS OF THE COUNCIL SECRETARY AND SOLICITOR AND MONITORING OFFICER

- 9.1 The Solicitor to the Council comments that under section 25 of the Housing Act 1985 (the Act) the Council has the power to determine reasonable charges for its tenancies and leases, and is required by the Act to review these from time to time and to make such changes as circumstances may require. In addition, the housing authority is required, in exercising its functions under these provisions, to have regard to any relevant standards set under section 193 of the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008
- 9.2 In accordance with the Act the process for varying the rent and charges for secure tenancies and leases is determined by the terms of the tenancy agreement or lease, while for non-secure tenancies section 25 specifies the procedure to be followed. The Council is required to give tenants' written notice of the proposed changes to their rental.

(Approved by:- Gabriel MacGregor Head of Corporate Law on behalf of the Council Solicitor and Monitoring Officer)

10. HUMAN RESOURCES IMPACT

- 10.1 There are no immediate Human Resource considerations that arise from the recommendations of this report for LBC staff.
- 10.2 (Approved by: Michael Pichamuthu, Strategic HR Business Partner DASHH, on behalf of Heather Daley, Acting Director of Workforce)

11. CUSTOMER IMPACT

11.1 The proposed HRA budget for 2014/15 includes a rent increase of 4.9%, and increases in service charges of 3.7%. Charges for rent and service charges are eligible for Housing Benefit.

12. EQUALITIES IMPACT

12.1 The increase in rent of 4.9% will have an impact on current tenants. The increase is in line with the National Social Rent Policy which was introduced to keep rents affordable and comparable across the social housing sector. By adhering to the National Social Rent Policy tenants are protected from excessive rent increase by the limits and caps imposed by those guidelines. The full increase is eligible for housing benefit, although a small number of tenants are subject to the benefit cap introduced in April 2013. Large families in all rented tenures who are not in receipt of working tax credit are affected by the benefit cap and this will make renting anywhere in London unaffordable to most large families even based on current rent levels. This rent increase will ensure the HRA is properly funded in 2014/15.

- 12.2 Mitigation of the impact of the rent increase on tenants who are not in receipt of housing benefit will be in the form of advice on welfare benefits (from income officers and the four welfare rights advisers dedicated to advising council tenants), referrals to specialist debt counselling, and help with money management. Income officers will continue with the programme of visits to all households affected by the benefit changes in 2013, which includes those affected by the benefit cap, and will explain options and refer people to specialist help or to advice sessions where appropriate. The council has also developing a money management campaign, with advice for all residents and money management sessions specifically for council
- 12.3 The effect of self-financing and the rent increase is a higher level of investment in new housing supply measures and in improving the council's existing stock which will have a positive impact on many groups with protected characteristics because they are more dependent than average on social housing. One of the areas of expenditure which people struggle with is heating costs and this is particularly true for those living in homes which are hard to heat because of their construction or design. The capital programme, next year and in the longer term, will include investment in homes with solid wall construction and other hard-to-heat properties so will be of particular benefit to tenants with the highest heating bills.

13. ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT

- 13.1 New homes funded by the council are subject to regulatory requirements in terms of scheme design and protection for the environment. All new council homes will be built to Level 4 of the Code for Sustainable Homes.
- 13.2 Energy efficiency measures (upgrading boilers, central heating systems and insulation; double-glazing, and the kind of measure referred to above for hard-to-heat homes such as external cladding) are a key investment priority within the repair and improvement programme. These measures will contribute to a reduction in CO₂ emissions as well as reduce heating bills and ensure that keeping the home warm is affordable.

14 CRIME AND DISORDER REDUCTION IMPACT

14.1 There are a range of measures within the council's repair and improvement programme that support the council's wider objective to improve community safety. These include installation of security entry door systems to flats, environmental improvements improved lighting, and a targeted security door programme.

15 HUMAN RIGHTS IMPACT

15.1 There are no human rights considerations arising from this report.

16 FREEDOM OF INFORMATION/DATA PROTECTION CONSIDERATIONS

16.1 The information contained in this report will be accessible as part of the Council's Publication Scheme maintained under the Freedom of Information Act, while information held by the Council supporting the report may also be accessible under that Act subject to consideration of any relevant exemptions.

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Background Documents: None

Housing Revenue Account 2013/14

Appendix 1

	Original Budget 2013-14	Draft Budget 2014-15	Increase/ (decrease)
EXPENDITURE	£,000	£,000	£,000
EXPENDITORE			
Management - General	20,901	22,788	1,887
Management - Special	12,972	13,285	313
Maintenance and Repairs	13,486	12,259	(1,227)
Major Repairs Allowance	16,457	16,983	526
Capital Financing	12,638	11,911	(727)
Revenue Contribution to Capital Outlay	8,186	10,186	2,000
Provision for Doubtful Debts	1,000	1,000	0
	85,640	88,412	4,253
<u>INCOME</u>			
Dwelling rents and Service Charges	76,376	78,595	2219
Garage rents	1,324	1,312	(12)
Other Charges	7,932	8,501	569
Interest on Council Mortgages	8	4	(4)
	85,640	88,412	4,253
DEFICIT / (SURPLUS) B/F	(5,359)	(10,406)	(5,047)
DEFICIT / (SURPLUS) C/F	(10,406)	(10,095)	311
Average Rent (50 Week year) including unpooled Service Charges	£104.07	£109.26	£5.19
Average Garage Rent	£11.65	£12.22	£0.57
Numbers of properties	14,075	14,021	(54)

Heating Charges From April 2014

Scheme		2013/14	2014/15	Change
	Accommodation			
Allington Court	1 Bed	£10.96	£10.96	£0.00
Arthur Court	Bedsit	£7.84	£7.84	£0.00
	1 Bed	£11.57	£11.57	£0.00
Arun Court	1 Bed	£10.38	£10.38	£0.00
Bell Court	1 Bed	£10.00	£10.00	£0.00
Borough Grange	1 Bed	£10.66	£10.66	£0.00
Brookhurst	Small 1 Bed			
Court	Large 4 Dad	£10.59	£10.59	£0.00
One and One and	Large 1 Bed	£11.28	£11.28	£0.00
Creed Court	1 Bed	£10.17	£10.17	£0.00
Freemans Court	Small 1 Bed	£10.66	£10.66	£0.00
	Large 1 Bed	£11.28	£11.28	£0.00
Frylands Court	Small 1 Bed	£9.70	£9.70	£0.00
	Large 1 Bed	£10.56	£10.56	£0.00
Handcroft Road	1 Bed	£10.17	£10.17	£0.00
rtodd	2 Bed	£18.14	£18.14	£0.00
Kuala Gardens	Bedsit	£6.79	£6.79	£0.00
	1 Bed	£10.37	£10.37	£0.00
Laxton Court	Bedsit	£6.93	£6.93	£0.00
	1 Bed	£11.49	£11.49	£0.00
Purvis House	1 Bed	£11.14	£11.14	£0.00
Southlands	1 Bed	£10.66	£10.66	£0.00
Southsea Court	Small 1 Bed	£10.33	£10.33	£0.00
	Large 1 Bed	£10.33	£10.33	£0.00
Toldene	1 Bed	£9.87	£9.87	£0.00
	2 Bed	£16.41	£16.41	£0.00
Truscott	Small 1 Bed	£11.26	£11.26	£0.00
	Large 1 Bed	£11.42	£11.42	£0.00

Stock Investment - Asset Management

Appendix 3

Main Programmes	2014/15
Capital Budget Resources Available £000s	29,771
Capital Budget Set Total	29,771
Capital (Deficit) / Surplus	0
Revenue Budget Resources Available £000s	975
Revenue Budget Set Total	975
Revenue (Deficit) / Surplus	0

Capital Budget Headings

Central Heating / Energy Efficiency Programmes £000s	2014/15
Carbon Monoxide Detectors	10
Central Heating - Repairs Replacements	470
Change from Storage to Gas Central Heating	30
Central Heating Programmed Replacements	3,600
Communal Boiler Replacement	150
Pump replacements	62
Energy Performance Certificates	40
Thermal Imaging	250
Overcladding & Associated Measures	200
Renewable Energy and Energy Efficiency	45
Central Heating / Energy Efficiency Sub-Total	
	4,857

Kitchen and Bathroom Programmes £000s	2014/15
Kitchen and Bathroom Extensions	400
Installation of Wet Rooms (Special Sheltered Homes)	100
Kitchen and Bathroom Refurbishment	6,100
Kitchen and Bathrooms Sub-Total	
	6,600

Security Programmes £000s	2014/15
Door Entry Installation to Blocks	750
Individual Security Doors Installation	350
Security Sub-Total	
	1,100

Other Programmes £000s	2014/15
Asbestos Strategy – Removal	300
Major External Block Works - Auckland Road	300
Decent Homes Standard - Key Components - Windows	1,850
Decent Homes Standard - Key Components - Roofs	250
External Painting	3,500
Supported Decorations Scheme	250
Communal Flooring	250
Garages - Refurbishment and Demolition	115
Lift Refurbishment	330
Major Adaptations	1,000
Regulatory Reform Order (Fire Safety)	2,000
Rewiring	1,800
Smoke alarm replacement	500
Stock Option Appraisals	200
Subsidence - Expenditure	215
Support Costs	2,150
Supply solutions	400
Other Programmes Sub-Total	
	15,410

Miscellaneous Programmes £000s	2014/15
Apex Development	55
Cold Water Tanks Renewal	25
Door Entry Replacements	25
Health and Safety Works	100
Inspection & Maintenance of Playgrounds & Equipment	19
New Playgrounds	30
Lift Motor Room Improvements	30
Major Ad Hoc Works (incl Major Works Voids)	350
Minor Ad Hoc Adaptations - New Tenants	10
Minor Estate Improvements	95
PAC Testing	15
Pest Control	120
New and replacement of Emergency Lighting	50
Replacement of Fire Alarm Systems	120
Replacement of Warden Alarm Systems	40
Retirement Homes Health & Safety & Minor Works (inc. CCTV)	300
Sprinklers - Special Sheltered	420
Miscellaneous Programmes Sub-Total	1,804

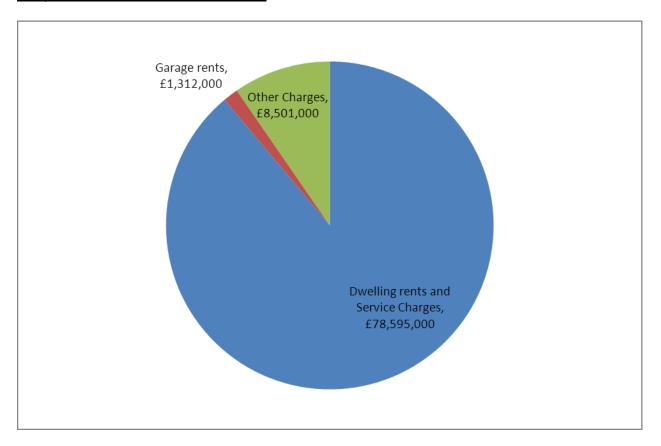
Revenue Programme

Cyclical Works £000s	2014/15
Booster Pump Servicing	5
Regular Maintenance of Door Entry IT Equipment & Software.	12
Cladding Cleaning - Wates Blocks	19
Fire Protection	86
PV & Solar panel maintenance	10
Legionella Assessments & Risk Assessments	82
Repair & Maintenance of Lifts	65
Servicing of Communal Boilers & Plant	38
Servicing of Disabled Adaptations	10
Servicing of Gas Appliances & Gas Soundness Testing	468
Test & Inspect Communal Areas to Blocks	65
Test & Inspect Electrical Circuits	80
Test & Inspect Lightening Conductors	10
Warden alarms	25
Cyclical Works Programmes Sub-Total	975

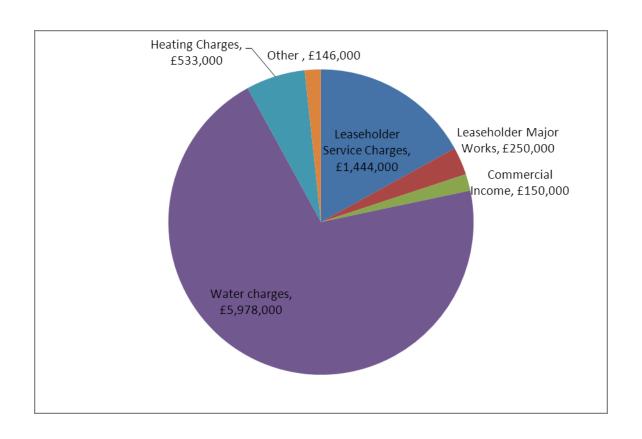
Appendix 4

Graphs breaking down estimated income and expenditure for 2014/15 are shown below.

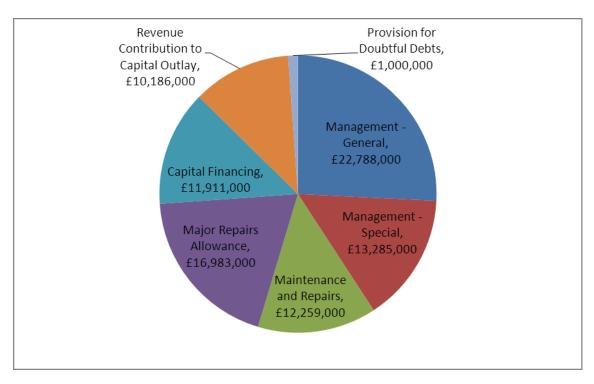
Graph 1 – HRA Income breakdown



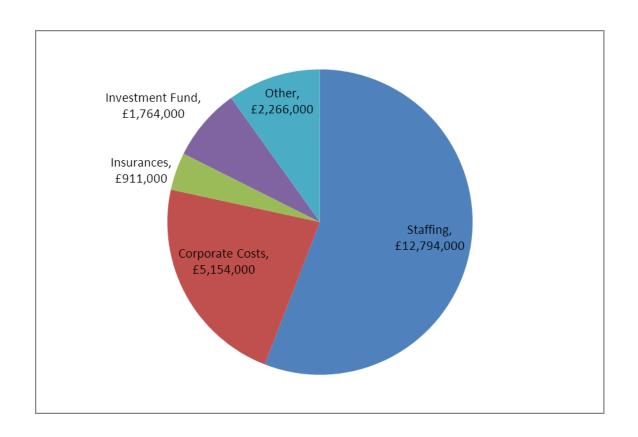
Graph 2 - Breakdown of Other Charges in Graph 1



<u>Graph 3 – HRA expenditure breakdown</u>



<u>Graph 4 – Breakdown of Management General</u>



<u>Graph 5 – Breakdown of Management Special</u>

